

Rory Butler
ME 470
April 23, 2018

Power T D20



Design Process

Using Blender 2.79 I designed a d20 with a Power T taking the place of the '20'.

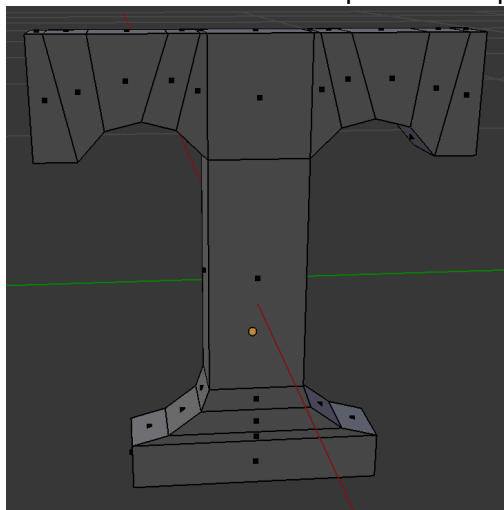
I started by inserting a standard icosphere and set the subdivision level to 1. This creates the basic 20-sided shape of a usual d20.

I then inserted text objects for the numbers 1 through 19. (The '20' will be a special process) Each number was given a serified font for easy recognition and extruded to give it thickness.

To place the numbers on the object, I used the "snap during transform", set the snap element to faces, and turned on "align rotation with the snapping target" (settings shown in image). I snapped each number onto each face, using a personal d20 as the basis for arrangement. The snapping tools automatically aligned the numbers to the face normals of the icosphere. I then manually rotated the numbers on each face to match the rotations on my d20.



I then modelled a Power T out of a cube as shown in the image. This was done with a series of extrusions and edge translations. Once the T was finished I placed it in place of the '20'.



I converted all numbers from text objects to meshes.

I then translated the numbers and Power T into the surface of the icosphere and used boolean properties to subtract the meshes from the faces of the icosphere.

I exported the model as .stl format and uploaded to <https://grid.space/kiri> for printing details.

filament used (mm)	1393
filament density (g/cm ³)	1.25
printed weight (g)	4.19
estimated print time (h:m:s)	00:14:27